

# THE NEW CABINET MEMBERS.

The editor of the New York Tribune gives the following brief sketch of some of the members of General Taylor's cabinet, with whose history many of our readers may not be familiar.

**Huron Reflector.**  
**SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.**—Mr. Meredith is a young man, and new to the councils of the nation. His energies have mainly been devoted to the practice of the law, in which he stands pre-eminent at the bar of Philadelphia. He was a member of the State Legislature while yet very young—only 23 years of age—and at once took rank among the ablest members of that body—a rank fully justified when, several years afterward he was a member of the convention which framed the Constitution of Pennsylvania. He has rarely or never taken a prominent part in politics, and is regarded as very moderate in feelings and opinions.

**SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.**—Mr. Preston is like Mr. Meredith, comparatively a young man, and new to public life. He was chosen to the present Congress two years ago from a district which had given Polk a handsome majority, and which had never till then been Whig. He is a lawyer of good talents—popular but not distinguished in the House—and an early advocate of the plan of obviating the question of Slavery in the territories by organizing them at once into a State or States. He is a nephew (I believe) of William C. Preston, the late eminent Senator from South Carolina, and now President of the University of that State.

**SECRETARY OF WAR.**—Mr. Crawford is a nephew, if we mistake not, of the distinguished William H. Crawford, who was Secretary of the Treasury under Mr. Monroe, and a candidate for President in 1824. Mr. C. was chosen Governor of his State in 1845, although Polk had carried Georgia on a great vote the year preceding, and served a term with decided efficiency and popularity, declining a re-election. He has never been in Congress, and not much in public life.

**POSTMASTER GENERAL.**—The selection of Hon. Jacob Collamer to be practically the most important place in the new cabinet, is a long deserved acknowledgment of the claims of one of the most intelligent and truly republican States of the Union. For the first time within our memory, the Legislature of Vermont at its last session put in a quiet claim, unanimously designating Hon. Jacob Collamer, a retiring member of the late and two preceding Congresses, as her choice. This claim has been recognized by General Taylor, and her favorite is the Postmaster General.

Judge Collamer has devoted most of his years to the law, achieving a high reputation as a counselor and jurist. Since he took his seat in Congress, he has spoken rarely, but always with a vigor and terseness which commanded attention. His undoubted integrity, ability and industry, afford ample guarantee that in the station to which he has just been called, he will extend his well-earned fame and reflect honor on the noble State which has given him to the Nation.

**Senator Houston vs. Senator Calhoun.**  
 The Intelligence of the 8th contains a long address from Senator Houston, to his constituents, but devoted exclusively to Mr. Calhoun.

The cause whereof is thus stated by Mr. Houston: "In a speech at Charleston he assumed that, but for my defection, as he was pleased to consider, and that of another Senator (Mr. Benton) from a slaveholding State, the bill organizing the government of Oregon, would have been defeated, and thus another victory for the south over the north achieved."

The address charges Mr. Calhoun with being one of the principal contrivers of the tariff of 1816. Then "pleaded over and took the lead in opposition to the protective policy"—became the Commander-in-Chief of the Nullifiers—carried a bank through Congress—and was in favor of engraving upon the Constitution the "triple-headed monster of Tariff, Bank and Internal Improvements." Then he gave a written opinion as member of Mr. Monroe's Cabinet, in favor of restricting the extension of slavery in any portion of a territory in which it had been authorized by law, and that this written opinion "has disappeared from the files of the department." That twice as a Cabinet officer, and once as a Senator, he had "admitted the Constitutional power of Congress to repress slavery, even in territories where it had a legal footing." And that now Mr. Calhoun, "this vigilant guardian of southern rights, who it has been seen, was ever ready to barter them to attain his selfish ends, is now laboring to make more intense than ever the excitement on the question of slavery, by agitating the right of extension, both at the north and the south, upon new and most ultra grounds."

The address notices parallel passages in "The Crisis" of 1835, and the address of Mr. Calhoun adopted by the southern caucus, and concludes by saying, that while they "unmask his (Calhoun's) long cherished and ill-concealed designs against the Union, I feel some pride in the conviction that it unmask also his motive for the denunciation aimed at me. If the advocacy of a measure which removed one cause of contention, tending to produce an ill-feeling, if not a rupture, between the members of the confederacy—if opposition to all the schemes of mad fanaticism at the north, and mad ambition at the south, which would embroil the country in civil war, provoking assaults upon me, there is no man living who will give them a heartier welcome. It is some evidence that I stand in the way of the rash assaults and the deep plotters who would to subvert their unwholesome ambition, put in jeopardy the welfare and liberties of my country. I oppose both as co-operating to produce the same mischief, however hostile to each other. But the weak enthusiast who speculates and vacillates, has less of my abhorrence than the wicked conspirator who concentrates the force of every strong passion to make a fatal blow at the vitals of the Republic."

[Cincinnati Gaz.]

# "IS HE RICH?"

Many a sigh is heard, many a heart is broken, many a life is rendered miserable by the terrible infatuation which parents often manifest in choosing a life companion for their daughters. How is it possible for happiness to result from the union of two principles so diametrically opposed to each other in every point, as much as virtue is to vice? How often is the first question which is asked respecting the suitor of the daughter, this—"Is he rich?"

"Is he rich?" Yes, he abounds in wealth: but that does not afford any evidence that he will make a kind affectionate husband.

"Is he rich?" Yes, his clothing purple and fine linen, and he fares sumptuously every day. But can you infer from that that he is virtuous?

"Is he rich?" Yes he has thousands fleeing in every corner; but do not riches take to themselves wings and fly away? Will you consent that your daughter shall marry a man that has nothing to recommend him but his wealth? Ah, beware! the gilded bait sometimes covers the barbed hook. Ask not, "Is he rich," but "Is he virtuous?" Ask not if he has wealth, but if he has honor; and do not sacrifice your daughter's peace for money.

# A NOBLE ANSWER.

"The Union, Sir, even with the Wilnot Proviso." Such was the answer of Mr. Morehead, of Kentucky, to the question put to him in the Southern Convention, whether he would sustain the Union if the Wilnot Proviso should be passed with reference to our new territories. Noble sentiment; honor to him who uttered it; and praise to God over all, who dictates right thoughts and orders the hearts of men as he pleases. It required no very special prophetic wisdom to be certain, that the "committee of fifteen" and the Convention, included firm and sober minds which would be a check upon those who might talk of weighing the profits of slavery against the loss of brotherly concord in this great Republic. So it has proved. I may ask my fellow countrymen who believe that upon God depends our country's continued peace and progress, to mark how God in his providence has stationed throughout the south, these advocates of moderate counsel—Mr. Clayton for example, in Delaware, Mr. Morehead and Mr. Underwood, in Kentucky, Mr. Berrien and Mr. Stephens, in Georgia, Mr. Rusk and Mr. Houston, in Texas.

"The Union, Sir, even with the Wilnot Proviso!" Let this sentence from the lips of a southern man, whose residence and property lie in a slave State, be written in golden lines. Let it live long after the dissolution of the brief Convention which gave occasion for its utterance. In all future time, let its spirit of true patriotism glow in the bosoms not only of our Southern brethren but of all our citizens, north and south, when clashing interests threaten the union of these "United States." No, the God of our fathers watches over us, and there are too many right minds fully made up, in this favored land, to allow any man to talk successfully of breaking our union, even when slavery is the theme. In the words of the motto of Virginia we say "Deus nobis hæc"—and in those of the English Bible, we add, "Thou hast been our help, leave us not, neither forsake us, O God."

[N. Y. Observer.]

**PUBLIC LAND SALES.**—The President has issued official proclamation appointing Monday, the 4th of June, for the sale of public lands at the offices at Sault Ste Marie and Ionia, Michigan, Falls of St. Croix and Mineral Point, Wisconsin; and Fairfield, Iowa. There are also to be sales at Sault Ste Marie, Mineral Point and Dubuque, on the 18th of June.

At Sault Ste Marie, on the 3d of September, the mineral lands situated between Lake Superior and the Montreal river, and on Isle Royale, in the northern peninsula of Michigan, are to be sold.

On the same day, at the Falls of St. Croix, the mineral lands in Wisconsin, located principally on and adjacent to the Mississippi and St. Croix rivers, will be sold.

**CANADA TROUBLES.**—The vote in the Canadian legislature to pay for rebellion losses, has created a great excitement everywhere. A Royalist meeting of 4000, has denounced the measure as a reward offered to rebellion, as an attempt to tax them for the benefit of those who fought against them. In the discussion of the assembly, Sir Allan McNab said that if the measure were forced upon the country, it would be a question for the people of Upper Canada to consider whether it would not be better for them to be governed by the people on the other side of the river than by a French Canadian majority—because he considered the measure a most unjust one.

**Religious Notice.**  
 A course of Lectures on the Parables of our Lord, will be commenced in the Presbyterian Church, next Sabbath evening. The young are especially invited to attend. The service will commence at 7 o'clock.

**Lower Sandusky Price Current.**  
 CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Wheat per bushel	78 1/2	Clover seed	2.50
Flour per bbl.	5.00	Pork—Mess	10.00
Corn per bushel	30	Hams smoked per lb	6
Oats per bushel	22	Beans per bushel	1.50
Butter per lb.	10	Potatoes per bushel	50
Eggs per doz.	62	Onions	50
Cheese per lb.	8	Apples, green	25 1/2
Lard per lb.	5	Beeswax per lb	30
Salt per bushel	1.44	Tallow	10
Hides per lb.	4 1/2	Staves per M	\$10 1/2
Flax seed per bushel	88	Black Lumber per M	\$8 1/4
Timothy seed	1.25		

CINCINNATI, March 21, 1849.

**Flour.**—The sale to-day has been moderate, consisting of 850 bbls. western, at \$3.68 @ 3.75.

**Provisions.**—Sales of pork in bulk at 3 for shoulders—bacon sides at 6 1/2.

**GROCERIES.**—The market is unchanged.

New York, March 20.

Sale 2,000 bbls. flour at \$5.25 @ 5.50—demand fair.

There is a good demand for corn, with sales at a corresponding extent for 54c for white and 56 @ 59 cents for yellow.

The market for pork is heavy, and I hear of no sales. Lower offers would be accepted.

Lard ranges from 6 1/2 to 6 3/4 for prime.

Sales of Missouri lard at 4.70.

There is a large quantity of groceries afloat to hand. No change in prices.

PHILADELPHIA, March 20.

The market for flour is quiet and prices have a downward tendency, but as yet I cannot quote any decline.

No change in grain. Corn is in a very good demand.

GROCERIES and provisions are quiet and unchanged.

**Advertisements.**

**SONS OF TEMPERANCE.**  
 Fort Stevenson Division No. 432—Stated meetings, every Tuesday evening at the Division Room in the old Northern Exchange.

**CADETS OF TEMPERANCE.**  
 Fort Stevenson Section, No. 102—meets every Monday evening in the Hall of the Sons of Temperance.

**I. O. O. F.**  
 Croghan Lodge No. 77, meets at the Odd Fellows Hall, in Morehouse's building, every Saturday evening.

**New School.**  
 Mrs. O. H. P. Sheets, takes this method to inform the citizens of Sandusky, that she will open a School at the Stone School House, on the 10th day of April, where she will teach Reading, Arithmetic, Writing, Geography, English Grammar, Natural Philosophy, and Embroidery.

She would also say, that she has had much experience in teaching, and has been prepared through a regular course of instruction at Canandaigua and Norwalk Seminars.

No boys taken over ten year old.  
 Term, ..... 12 weeks.  
 Tuition, ..... \$1.50.  
 Lower Sandusky, March 24, 1849.

**MUFFS! MUFFS!** Just received and for sale cheap, by C. J. CAMPBELL & Co. Dec. 23, 1849.

# PLANK ROAD NOTICE.

THE subscribers to the capital stock of the Lower Sandusky Plank Road Company, are requested to meet at the Franklin House, on Thursday, the 10th day of April next, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing directors for said Company, and for the purpose of adopting such by-laws and regulations for the government of such Company, as shall be lawful and expedient. The stockholders can vote in person or by proxy, each share being entitled to one vote.

JESSE S. OLNEY, JOHN R. PEASE, LAWRENCE ABBOTT, JOHN TYLER, JAMES JUSTICE, CHARLES W. FOSTER, ALB. RAWSON, R. P. BUCKLAND, Commissioners.

March 8, 1849.

# CABINET WARE ROOM.

THE under signed having bought out J. W. Stevenson, would respectfully give notice that he continues the business of CABINET MAKING in all its branches at the old stand, on Croghan street, and solicits a liberal share of patronage. He will keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order—

Extra, Common and Dressing Bureaus, STANDS, TABLES, AND BEDSTEADS

of every style and price. Also, every other article in the Cabinet line which may be wanted. His work is put up in as good style as any other establishment in the country, and afforded at as reasonable rates.

The subscriber is also agent for Whitman & Cotton's CLEVELAND MARBLE FACTORY.

and will make contracts for Tomb-Stones, or any other Marble work on as favorable terms as they can be made at Head Quarters. F. H. CALDWELL.

Lower Sandusky, March 8, 1849.

**Clocks, Watches, & Jewelry.**  
 The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lower Sandusky and vicinity that he has just received and opened a new and excellent assortment of

**JEWELRY** of all kinds, Gold Pens, Gold and Silver Pencils, Rings, Breast Pins, Spectacles &c. &c.

Also, Watches and Clocks for sale very cheap. Clocks and Watches neatly repaired on short notice.

E. LEPPLEMAN.  
 Lower Sandusky, October 21, 1848.

# ROAD NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Commissioners of Sandusky county, at their next session, in June, 1849, for a county road commencing where the Morrison state road crosses the east line of section 16, in Ballville township, in said county; thence north on section line to a creek near George Reynolds' residence, thence on the most eligible route to the Sandusky river, at Prior's upper ford, thence across said river on said ford, thence from the west bank of said river on the most eligible route to intersect the road from Lower Sandusky to Ballville.

March 17, 1849.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S APPOINTMENT.**  
 NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified as Administrator on the estate of Jacob Uch, dec'd, late of Washington township, Sandusky county.

March 3, 1849. GEORGE WALES.

# AN UNIVERSAL HISTORY.

From the infancy of mankind to the present time. By G. C. HEbbe, L. L. Now ready, the first volume, bound in cloth, Price 1.75. It is to be continued in monthly parts until finished, five numbers forming a volume. 25 cents per number.

THE author of this work seems to have had in constant view the celebrated treatise of Lucian—How a citizen ought to be written. Truth in its severity and reason in its manly state, are the chief Muses and Graces to which he has done obedience. What a different view he has opened to us of the state of the nations of by-gone ages, from that which has been presented to us by other historians! No wonder that the numbers already issued have met with a large sale, and been hailed by frequent laudatory notices from the press, of which a few abridged extracts here are given—

This beautiful octavo—the first volume of Dr. Hebbe's Universal History—forms the first volume of a new and improved work, devoted to the history of the Universe, based not merely on the usually received data of former historians, but derived from the best authorities, and enriched by the revelations of modern discovery. The recent researches in philology, by Chevalier Bunsen, and other learned investigators, among ancient monumental records, have so entirely changed the aspect of primitive times, and revealed so many important new data, the wonder has been, not that such a work as the present should make its appearance, but rather that the task should have been before attempted in Europe. From some careful examination of this volume, however, we find no cause to regret that the theme should have been reserved for the judicious and laborious pen of Dr. Hebbe. To such a command the leisure for a more systematic course of study, this work proves infinitely more correct and valuable, since completed, it will form a compendious library of universal history, the most accurate and complete extant, and written up to the spirit of the age. Dem. Review.

In regard to the literary execution of this work, we have spoken as the numbers appeared, but not as fully as its merit deserves. Now on re-examination, we hesitate not to pronounce that this volume, as a history of the world, viewed from the point of view of its progress in a single work of universal history in the English language. New York Tribune.

The author of the Universal History, now in publication, judging from the portion of it already published, is equal to his task. He comes to it prepared by 29 years of study, and a familiar acquaintance with all the necessary authorities—not only those to whom we look for solid records of facts, but those who have gone beneath the surface of events and tracked the source of political convulsions by a thousand ways back to the hidden heart of some great principle. Graham's Magazine.

Dr. Hebbe, by availing himself of the light which the Egyptian hieroglyphs and other investigators of antiquity have shed on the earliest history of man by means of authority, and by his acute judgment, his clear philosophy, his deep sympathy with humanity, and his enthusiastic love for his favorite study, has produced what may be termed in many respects an original history of the infant nations of the world. The work is written in the most polished and liberal spirit, and while the author rejects the superstitions of the ancient priesthood, he is a stout defender of the immortal and sublime truths of Christianity. Boston Transcript.

The style of Dr. Hebbe, though written in a tongue foreign to him, is always flowing and animated; sometimes even eloquent and sublime. New York Sun.

This work appears in monthly numbers—7 numbers now ready. A liberal discount to the trade. Sent by mail to any part of the country.

DEWITT & DAVENPORT.  
 Tribune building, Nassau street, New York.

IF papers inserting the above three times, including this notice, and noticing the numbers as they appear, will have the back numbers sent to them by forwarding a copy of their paper to the publisher, marked: Also receive the numbers as fast as published.

It is a rare occurrence that we notice editorially any "Patent Medicine" that is being hawked about the country, but in duty to the world we feel bound to acknowledge and state that no one article of medicine within our knowledge, for most complaints which human flesh is heir to, begins to be as valuable as McALISTER'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT. Having witnessed its great and wonderful healing properties, we would not on any consideration be without it; and we say to all heads of families, keep this article on hand if you wish to preserve your health and save doctors' bills. See advertisement.

# SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE.

By virtue of a decretal order issued out of the court of common pleas of Sandusky county Ohio, to me directed and delivered I shall offer for sale at public sale, at the door of the court house in Lower Sandusky in said county on the twenty-seventh day of March, A. D. 1849, between the hours prescribed by law, the following described lands and tenements to wit: The east half of the north east quarter of section thirty-six, township five, north of range fifteen, containing 80 and 44-100 acres of land, in Sandusky county, Ohio.

Taken as the property of S. Russell and wife, to satisfy a decree in said court, in favor of L. Q. Rawson, against the said Gallagher and Loveland, &c. &c.

Feb. 24, 1849. no. 5w. C. EDGERTON, Special Master.

A. H. Ewing, } Sandusky County Court of Com-  
 S. N. Russell, } mon Pleas.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

By virtue of a decretal order issued out of the court of common pleas of Sandusky county, Ohio, I shall offer at public sale at the door of the Court House in Lower Sandusky in said county, on the 27th day of March next, A. D. 1849, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. the following lands and tenements, to wit: In-Lot number 25, as designated on the recorded plat of Ewing's addition to the town of Lower Sandusky, in Sandusky county, Ohio.

Taken as the property of S. N. Russell to satisfy a decree in said Court in favor of A. H. Ewing against the said Solomon N. Russell.

Feb. 24, 1849. no. 1w5. J. L. GREENE, Special Master.

A. H. Ewing, } Sandusky County Court of Com-  
 S. Russell & wife, } mon Pleas.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

By virtue of a decretal order issued out of the court of common pleas of Sandusky county, Ohio, I shall offer at public sale at the door of the Court House in Lower Sandusky in said county, on the 27th day of March next, A. D. 1849, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. the following lands and tenements, to wit: In-Lot number 35, as designated on the recorded plat of Ewing's addition to the town of Lower Sandusky, in Sandusky county, Ohio.

Taken as the property of S. Russell and wife, to satisfy a decree in said Court in favor of A. H. Ewing, against the said Russell & wife.

Feb. 24, 1849. no. 1w5. J. L. GREENE, Special Master in Chancery.

**MASTER'S SALE.**  
 John D. Phoenix and } Court of common pleas of San-  
 Daniel A. Phoenix, } dusky county, Ohio.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

Isaac Knapp. BY virtue of a decretal order issued in this cause, to me directed and delivered I shall offer for sale at public sale, on the 27th day of March next, between the hours prescribed by law, at the door of the court house in said county, in Lower Sandusky, the following described real estate to wit: In lots numbers 125, 242, 253, 255, 256, 257, 258 and 259 in said county, as designated on the original plat of said town.

Also, lot number two in school section number sixteen, in township number five, range sixteen in said county, and a certain tract of land designated on the plat of said section as lot number 3, said two last parcels containing in all one hundred and ten acres excepting and reserving from the same twenty-five acres heretofore conveyed to Samuel Newman.

February 24, '49. R. P. BUCKLAND, master in chancery.

La Q. Rawson } Sandusky county court of Com-  
 Eleazer Willey, } mon Pleas.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

BY virtue of a decretal order issued out of the court of common pleas of Sandusky county, Ohio, to me directed and delivered, I shall offer at public sale, at the door of the Court House, in Lower Sandusky, on the 27th day of March next, between the hours prescribed by law, the following described lands and tenements, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section thirty-six, township six, north range Fifteen in said Sandusky county, containing 80 acres or less, to satisfy a decree in said Court in favor of La Q. Rawson.

CHITLER EDGERTON, special master.  
 Feb. 24, 1849. no. w5.

J. C. H. Montgomery } Sandusky County court of  
 Veach and Taylor, } Common Pleas.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

BY virtue of a decretal order issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Sandusky county, Ohio, to me directed and delivered, I shall offer at public sale, at the door of the Court House, in Lower Sandusky, on the 27th day of March next, between the hours prescribed by law, the following described lands and tenements, to wit: The north half of the south half of the north east quarter of section three, in township number five, in range number thirteen, in Sandusky county, Ohio, to satisfy a decree in said Court of Common Pleas in favor of J. C. H. Montgomery.

CHESTER EDGERTON, Master in Chancery.  
 Feb. 24, 1849. no. 1w5.

**MASTER'S SALE.**  
 Stephen Patrick & others, } Court of Common Pleas of  
 vs. } Sandusky co., state of Ohio.  
 Smith D. Baldwin, et al. } Two decrees in Chancery.

BY virtue of two decretal orders issued in the above entitled cause, I shall offer for sale at public sale on the 27th day of March next, between the hours prescribed by law, at the door of the court house of said county, in Lower Sandusky, the following described real estate, situated in said county, to wit: The west half of the south east quarter of section 23, township 5, north of range 16, containing 20 acres.

Also, part of the west half of the north east quarter of section 18 township 4, range 16, containing 29 acres. Also, the east half of section 16, township 4, range 16, containing 29 acres. Also, the west half of the north east quarter of section 7, township 4, range 16, containing 80 acres.

Sold to satisfy said decrees.

February 24th '49. R. P. BUCKLAND, master in chancery.

**MASTER'S SALE.**  
 La Q. Rawson, } Court of Common Pleas, Sandus-  
 Joseph Deek, } ky county, Ohio.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

BY virtue of a decretal order issued in this case, to me directed and delivered, I shall offer for sale at public sale, on the 27th day of March next, between the hours prescribed by law, at the door of the court house of said county, in Lower Sandusky, the following described real estate situated in said county, to wit: The west half of the north east quarter of section 23 in township number 5, north of range number sixteen, containing 80 acres of land. To satisfy the decree in said cause.

February 24, '49. R. P. BUCKLAND, master in chancery.

**MASTER'S SALE.**  
 Ami W. Catter, } Court of common pleas San-  
 John C. H. Montgomery, } dusky county, Ohio.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

BY virtue of a decretal order issued in this case, and to me directed and delivered, I shall offer for sale at public sale on the 27th day of March next, between the hours prescribed by law, at the door of the court house of said county, in Lower Sandusky, the following described real estate to wit: The west half of the south east quarter of section 23 township 5, range thirteen in sandusky county, Ohio.

Also, in lot number 90 in Birchard and Dickinson's addition to the town of Lower Sandusky in said county. To satisfy the decree in said cause.

February 24, '49. S. N. WILCOX, special master in chancery.

A. H. Ewing, } Sandusky County, Court of Com-  
 Levi P. Dorrison, } mon Pleas.  
 vs. } IN CHANCERY.

BY virtue of a decretal order issued to me directed and issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Sandusky county, Ohio, I shall offer at public sale, at the door of the Court House in Lower Sandusky in said county, on the 27th day of March next, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. the following lands and tenements, to wit: In-Lot number fifteen as designated on the recorded plat of Ewing's addition to the town of Lower Sandusky in said county, Ohio.

Taken as the property of Levi P. Dorrison to satisfy a decree in said Court, in favor of A. H. Ewing against the said Levi P. Dorrison, to satisfy a decree in said Court in favor of A. H. Ewing against the said Levi P. Dorrison and others.

JOHN L. GREENE, Special master in chancery.  
 Feb. 24, 1849. no. 5.

**CYRENE LATHROP'S ESTATE.**  
 NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified as administrator on the estate of Cyrene Lathrop, late of Riley township, Sandusky county, Ohio.

# Great & Important Chemical Discovery. CHEMICAL COMBINATION FROM THE VEGETABLE KINGDOM TO REPEL DISEASES.



# THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

The result of a series of Chemical experiments, this Compound Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, with other almost equally powerful vegetable substances, is one of the greatest discoveries of the age; and is the first and only instance in which these Roots—so long in use by the faculty—have been united into a Compound possessing a due proportion of the peculiar virtues and powers of each.

Its success is astonishing, having performed over fifteen thousand cures since its discovery—less than two years! Its unrivaled power over diseases, and great superiority over all Simple Sarsaparilla Syrops, may be attributed to the fact that it